

CAPSULE SUMMARY

CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House

1896 Wilson Road

Huntingtown, Calvert County, Maryland

c. 1950s

Private

The Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House is located on the west side of Wilson Road facing east. Based on its architectural style and material, the house appears to be an early example of a vernacular Craftsman Bungalow from the mid-twentieth century. The three-by-two bay, one-and-a-half story house is set on a decorative concrete foundation. The wood-frame dwelling is clad in asbestos shingles. It is located on a flat lot, overlooking agricultural fields to the north and south. The land is very open with few trees. There are extensive fences around the field to the north and west of the house. The barn on the Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance property is located to the northwest of the main house. There is a shed located in the fenced field to the north of the main house. A circular driveway runs around the house.

Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance is significant architecturally, as an example of a mid-twentieth century vernacular farm house. The Craftsman Bungalow is very common type of architectural style in Calvert County. It is a typical representation of a side-gable, rectangular-plan farmhouse with a front-gable dormer and a full-length porch. Its outbuildings are representations of small farm outbuildings and are significant to Calvert County's rural-agricultural heritage.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CT - 1351

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House

other

2. Location

street and number 1896 Wilson Road not for publication

city, town Huntingtown vicinity

county Calvert County

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Donohue, Wickel L

street and number 1896 Wilson Road

telephone

city, town Huntingtown

state MD

zip code 20639-9270

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Calvert County Courthouse liber KPS 1296 folio 297

city, town Huntingtown tax map 19 tax parcel 24 tax ID number 018705

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- ☐ Contributing Resource in National Register District
☐ Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
☐ Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Recorded by HABS/HAER
☐ Historic Structure Report or Research Report at MHT
☐ Other: _____

6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function	Resource Count
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	Contributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/> Noncontributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense	<input type="checkbox"/> 3
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> domestic	<input type="checkbox"/> 1
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> buildings
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	<input type="checkbox"/> sites
		<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> structures
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care	<input type="checkbox"/> objects
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> 3
		<input type="checkbox"/> landscape	<input type="checkbox"/> 1
		<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture	<input type="checkbox"/> Total
		<input type="checkbox"/> religion	
		<input type="checkbox"/> social	
		<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	
		<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	
		<input type="checkbox"/> unknown	
		<input type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use	
		<input type="checkbox"/> other:	

Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory

7. Description

Inventory No. CT - 1351

Condition

<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

SUMMARY

The Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House is located on the west side of Wilson Road facing east. Based on its architectural style and material, the house appears to be an early example of a vernacular Craftsman Bungalow from the mid-twentieth century. It is located on a flat lot, overlooking agricultural fields to the north and south. The land is very open with few trees. There are extensive fences around the field to the north and west of the house. The barn on the Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance property is located to the northwest of the main house. There is a shed located in the fenced field to the north of the main house. A circular driveway runs around the house.

DESCRIPTION

House

The three-by-two bay, one-and-a-half story vernacular house was likely built in the mid-twentieth century. Set on a decorative concrete block foundation, the wood-frame building has been clad in asbestos shingles. The central interior chimney is constructed of stretcher bond brick with a corbelled cap. A steeply pitched side-gable roof with overhanging eaves, rafter tails and brackets caps the house. The roof is covered in asphalt shingles. A one-story, partially enclosed shed-roof porch projects out from the east elevation of the main house. The two-bay northern portion is covered by vertical screens. On the east elevation of the main house, a screened porch encloses a glazed, nine-pane wood paneled entry door and a paired one-over-one, double-hung sash window. The screen door has a screen transom and one-pane sidelight. It is located on the center of the façade and is accessed by five concrete steps flanked by curved brick knee walls. The decorative knee walls have concrete caps with urns on top of the two end posts. The south portion of the shed-roof projection is clad like the main house, with a paired one-over-one, double-hung sash windows located in the center of its east elevation. Identical fenestration appears on the south elevation. There are two identical dormers located on the east and west slope of the main roof. The front-gable dormer with overhanging eaves is clad in asbestos shingles. Fenestration on the dormer consists of a pair of one-over-one double-hung sash windows on the façade with wood sills and casings.

Two paired one-over-one, double-hung sash windows with wood sills and casings are placed symmetrically on the first story of the north elevation. There is a smaller single one-over-one, double-hung sash window in between the two pairs. Another paired one-over-one, double-hung sash window is located in the center of the second story. The south elevation of the main house has single, one-over-one, double-hung sash windows to the westernmost portion of the first story, and two paired, one-over-one, double-hung sash widows placed asymmetrically from those on the first story.

There is a one-by-one bay, one-story, rear entry addition off the west elevation. The addition is clad in wood siding with a front-gable roof clad in asphalt singles with overhanging eaves. A glazed, four-light paneled wood

8. Significance

Inventory No. CT - 1351

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archaeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime history	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other: _____

Specific dates

Architect/Builder

Construction dates mid 20th century

Evaluation for:

☐ National Register

☐ Maryland Register

☒ not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

SUMMARY

Calvert County encompasses a narrow piece of land between the Chesapeake Bay to the east, and the Patuxent River to the west and south. It is surrounded by water on all sides except to the north where it adjoins Anne Arundel County. Calvert County is the smallest of the five counties of Southern Maryland and fourth oldest in Maryland.¹ Although the County once stretched to the headwaters of the Patuxent River in modern-day Frederick County, it now measures only 218 square miles, making it the smallest of all Maryland counties. High cliffs characterize Calvert County's bay side shoreline. Conversely, the numerous creeks along the Patuxent River facilitated maritime traffic, servicing the County's richest agricultural lands.

Wilson Road runs parallel to the Chesapeake Bay and is bound to the north by Plum Point Road and to the south by Emmanuel Church Road. Huntingtown and Prince Frederick are the two largest towns in close proximity. The Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House is located on the west side of Wilson Road facing east, south of Paul Hance Road.

Ornate and modest twentieth century homesteads, tobacco barns, farm outbuildings, and tenant houses are linked by Wilson Road, which has been a prominent local thoroughfare since the mid-nineteenth century. Other significant landscape features along Wilson Road in the mid-nineteenth century include a steamship landing, a wharf and a windmill located at Plum Point.² Dunn Road is the only other road that dates to the mid-nineteenth century. Dunn Road branches off Wilson Road and originally extended all the way east to the Bay and as far west as the Freeland properties.³ Today, Dunn Road ends at Suit's Chance, a farm in a County Agricultural Preservation District.⁴ In historic maps dating to the mid-nineteenth century, many large farm properties stand along Wilson Road including Letchworth's Chance (CT-25), the Ireland Farm (CT-26), the Owen H. Jones

¹ Stein, Charles Francis. "A History of Calvert County." Schneidereith & Sons: Baltimore, 1977: 1.

² 1865 Martenet Atlas of Maryland.

³ Morris Suit Interview. Oral History Interview with Amy Bolasky Skinner for Wilson Road Historic Context Study, 10 March 2009.

⁴ Morris Suit Interview.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. CT-1351

Dames & Moore, "Historic Sites Context Study and National Register Evaluation." The Calvert County Historic District Commission, 1995

Eshelman & Associates, "Calvert County Steamboat Wharves and Landings: Architectural Level Survey and Inventory." The Calvert County Historic District Commission, 1996.

Kulikoff, Allan, "Tobacco and Slaves." University of North Carolina: Chapel Hill, 1986.

Stein, Charles Francis. "A History of Calvert County." Schneidereith & Sons: Baltimore, 1977.

"Tobacco Barns: Calvert County Maryland." Pamphlet. Calvert County Historic District Commission, 1991.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 2.50

Acreage of historical setting 2.50

Quadrangle name Prince Frederick

Quadrangle scale: 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

The 2 ½ acre property is located on the west side of Wilson Road. The triangle-shaped parcel overlooks the intersection of Wilson Road and Paul Hance Road. The property is bounded to the north by an undeveloped forest, to the east and south by Wilson Road, to the west by Parcel 11, Mary France Bauer's property.

11. Form Prepared by

name/title	Beibei Su, Architectural Historian		
organization	The Ottery Group	date	August 10 th , 2009
street & number	3420 Morningwood Drive, Suite 100	telephone	301.562.1975
city or town	Olney	state	MD

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust
Maryland Department of Planning
100 Community Place
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023
410-514-7600

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door with wood storm door is located in the center of the façade. The entry is accessed by five concrete steps with a metal railing on the north end. The entrance to the basement opens on the southwest corner of the main house, covered by a half story shed roof projecting out from the west elevation. The entry is on the south elevation. Set on a brick foundation, the roof is clad like the house. The west elevation features a ribbon of three six-light casement windows. There is also a six-light casement window on the north elevation.

Barn

The barn is located to the northwest of the main house facing south. It sits on a steep ridge that slopes to the west, overlooking expansive agricultural fields. The three-by-one bay, one-story, rectangular-shaped barn has a steeply pitched side-gable roof clad in corrugated metal. The barn is of wood-frame construction and rests on a raised concrete block foundation. Most of the barn is clad in vertical rough hewn planks. The west elevation is covered with a secondary sheathing of particle board, while the east elevation is clad in corrugated metal on its gable end. There is a sliding vertical plank door on the south elevation. A vertical wood entry door is located on the first story of the east elevation. There is a slightly overhanging eave clad in vertical vinyl siding on the second story of the south elevation. The barn has a shed addition off the north elevation with open stalls. The roof is clad in standing seam metal. Most of the shed is clad in horizontal plank board, while the west portion of the north façade is clad in vertical plank board. Given the shape and size of the opening as well as the current use, this barn was most likely used for livestock and equipment storage.

Horse shelter

A horse shelter is located on the northeast corner of the Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance property, facing south. The one-by-one bay, one-story, squared-shape shelter sits on top of a hill, overlooking a fenced-in field. The shelter has a steeply-pitched shed roof with rafter tails. Set on a dirt foundation, the wood-frame shelter is clad in vertical rough-hewn plank board.

Pre-fabricated shed

There is a non-contributing modern pre-fabric shed to the southwest of the main house. The one-by-one bay, one story shed is clad in vertical wood and asphalt shingles. A gambrel roof caps the shed.

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Farm (CT-476), the Baden-Anderson Farm (CT-27), and a modest side-parlor house known as the Plank House (CT-257).⁵

The Wilson Road area can be found on maps dating to the seventeenth century. Augustine Hermann placed Plum Point on his map in 1675, and depicted a number of plantations along the shores of the Chesapeake Bay and the Patuxent River. Later, in the mid-nineteenth century, the Martenet map shows Plum Point in excellent detail. In 1892, the United States Geological Survey depicts Plum Point and Wilson Road, and subsequent modifications to this map by the USGS reveals various changes on the landscape, including the addition to new structures and the alteration of roadways, including Plum Point Road. For example the 1910 USGS Topographic Map shows three improved roads extending east from Wilson Road toward the Bay.⁶ The northernmost road is Patience Place. The Ireland family farmstead (CT-26) is located along this road. Although the property and buildings were visible in the mid-nineteenth century, Patience Place does not appear mapped until about the early-twentieth century.⁷ The next road to the south is Angelica Drive. The Owen H. Jones family farm (CT-476) is located at the end of this road. The Owen H. Jones farm can trace its roots to the Hance and Wilson families back to the mid-nineteenth century. The southernmost road is Camp Kaufmann Road. The Agnes Buckler House (CT-478), visible on the 1910 topographic map, is located at the end of Camp Kaufmann Road on a dirt trace.

The most significant change to the area occurs in the mid-twentieth century. The 1932 US Geological Survey Topographical Map shows subdivisions and new roads along Wilson Road as Calvert County connects with surrounding counties.⁸ Letchworth's Chance (CT-25) is subdivided and the Neeld Estates appears with many private properties clustered along the Bay's shoreline. Additionally, on this map Dunn Road no longer connects to Stinnett Road. Since the 1930s Dunn Road has only been accessible from Wilson Road. A new road, branches east off Wilson Road, south of Patience Place. Paul Hance Road is the location of the original Paul Hance House (CT-474) as well as the former H. Oscar Bowen House (CT-473). Although they no are longer standing, both properties were visible in the mid-nineteenth century.

The last major alteration to the roads connecting to Wilson Road was documented in the 1939 Topographic Map surveyed by the US Department of Agriculture and also appears on the current Topographic Map for

⁵ A.D. Bache, United States Coast Survey, Western Shore of Chesapeake Bay, 1847. Available at the Calvert Marine Museum.

⁶ Topographic Map of Prince Frederick, Maryland Quadrangle, United States Geological Survey, 1900. Available at the Calvert Marine Museum.

⁷ Topographic Map of Prince Frederick, Maryland Quadrangle, United States Geological Survey, 1900. Available at the Calvert Marine Museum.

⁸ Topographic Map of Prince Frederick, Maryland Quadrangle, United States Geological Survey, 1932. Available at the Calvert Marine Museum.

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Wilson Road.⁹ The map shows the original northern curvature of Plum Point Road; however, it also demonstrates the changed and improved Plum Point Road running due east towards the Bay and the wharf ruins. The modern road takes this path.

The history of the Wilson Road area can be defined by two overarching themes: Agriculture and Transportation. The movement of goods, such as tobacco, was facilitated by water transportation that linked individual plantations to shipping centers in the County and around the Chesapeake Bay. Later, in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, the development of inland road networks became essential to the commercial success of Calvert's plantations.

Water transportation had always been the most effective means for shipping and receiving goods throughout Calvert County. Until the twentieth century roads in Calvert County were rural and unimproved; steamships took goods to places like Baltimore to be sold or shipped overseas. "The creation of regular commercial and passenger service on the Bay helped boost the local economy. The most successful of the early attempts to create a regular shipping line in Calvert County was established by Captain George Weems in 1817. The Weems Steamship Line was the principal carrier between the Port of Baltimore and southern Maryland."¹⁰

In the Wilson Road vicinity there was a wharf at Plum Point. The first wharf at Plum Point was located 250 to 300 feet north of the present Plum Point Road. It was relocated further south in 1893 and rebuilt three quarters of a mile long, "L-shaped" and one of the longest on the Chesapeake Bay. The location of the wharf was one catalyst for development along Wilson Road. Areas around the wharf became gathering places where locals could watch the ships load and use the private beaches. Some families allowed the public to park on their land while others created private beach cottages for rent.¹¹ The Wilson Store (later the Dixon Store) was a combined store and post office often frequented by locals and visitors alike. Plum Point was a bustling area along Wilson Road until August of 1933 when a hurricane devastated the farms and the crop along Wilson Road. The hurricane demolished the warehouse as well as most of the pier.

Wilson Road's association with agriculture can be seen in the landscape and found in the local relationships of residents. One result of the reliance on tobacco is seen in the area of Calvert County along the Bay, notably a lack of central towns, as well as "the significant role that elite planters had in the political and social life in the

⁹ Topographic Atlas of Maryland Counties of Calvert Charles and St. Mary's, United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, 1939. Available at the Calvert Marine Museum and Topographic Map of Prince Frederick, Maryland Quadrangle, United States Geological Survey, 1993. Available through Terrain Navigator.

¹⁰ Dames & Moore, "Historic Sites Context Study and National Register Evaluation." The Calvert County Historic District Commission, 1995:4 and Stein 1977:169.

¹¹ Eshelman & Associates, "Calvert County Steamboat Wharves and Landings: Architectural Level Survey and Inventory." The Calvert County Historic District Commission, 1996 and Carpenter, Evelyn B. "A History of Carpenter's Beach." Calvert County Marine Museum: Unpublished manuscript, 1984.

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community, and the complex interrelationships between the various classes and races living together within the community.”¹² Wilson Road, an example of the broader characterization of Calvert County, was a prime location for tobacco farming, a “combination of favorable soil and topography, good river transportation and fortunate economic considerations contributed to Calvert County’s being overwhelmingly agricultural from its beginning, with tobacco the principal cash crop.”¹³ Families settled along Wilson Road to live and grow tobacco. Wilson Road has no town center nearby with the closest town being Huntingtown, 9 miles to the northwest, or Prince Frederick 4.5 miles to the southwest. Being in such close proximity, all the families along Wilson Road socialized with, went to school with, worshipped with and often married one another. Many of the current residents along Wilson Road have surnames such as Bassford (later Carpenter), Wilson, Hance, Jones, Ireland. The expansive layout of family farms along the landscape of Wilson Road highlights the way Calvert County was settled as a result of tobacco farming. Tobacco would remain the chief crop and one of the defining features of the County until well into the late twentieth century.

After World War II with improvements to transportation a “dramatic change to the character and landscape of Calvert County” occurred.¹⁴ The area is now linked to the Washington-Baltimore metropolitan area and real estate prices have increased while demands for tobacco have decreased. With properties along Wilson Road no longer focused on tobacco farming tenants have moved away and dwellings are vacant. Many family homesteads have been subdivided to provide land and houses for current and future generations.

Despite modern changes to Calvert County, the agricultural landscape along Wilson Road is not so altered that one cannot discern the historic character. The Wilson Road area can be characterized as a rural farming community whose origins are firmly rooted in the production of tobacco. From its first settlements at places like Angelica in the 1600s, farming was the primary economic focus that helped establish the community along Wilson Road. In many ways, the community remains largely unaltered, with descendants of nineteenth century settlers still living in the area today, namely the Degges at Letchworth’s Chance (CT-25), the Carpenter’s at Belcar (CT-472), the Ireland farm (CT-26), the Hance’s at Paul Hance Farm (CT-474), the Hance/Jones’ at Owen H. Jones Farm (CT-476), and the Buckler’s at Agnes H. Buckler Farm (CT-478 and S. Chester Buckler Farm CT-492). These families continue to leave their legacy along the landscape through the buildings, structures, and vistas that have historically characterized Calvert County.

The house is named for sisters that owned the property in the early-twentieth century, Henrietta Wilson and Rebecca Hance (unmarried). Henrietta’s husband, Samuel B. Wilson’s family has a long history in Calvert County and along Wilson Road. James Wilson settled in Maryland prior to 1652.¹⁵ James Wilson lived at a

¹² Kulikoff, Allan, “Tobacco and Slaves.” University of North Carolina: Chapel Hill, 1986 and Dames & Moore 1995: 5.

¹³ Dames & Moore 1995: 4.

¹⁴ Dames & Moore 1995: 17.

¹⁵ Stein, 1977: 335.

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plantation to north of the Old Huntingtown. He died in 1672, and willed his lands to his wife for life and then to his sons.¹⁶ Married into prominent families, descendants of James Wilson have settled all across Calvert County and Prince George's County. Each generation of the Wilsons have made significant contributions to the development of Calvert County. Many of them were officers in the Calvert County Militia. Several members of the Wilson family fought in the American Revolution.

The Henrietta and Samuel B. Wilson owned extensive property along Wilson Road. This 2.5-acre property is just one of the properties and is located on the west side of Wilson Road. The triangle-shaped parcel overlooks the intersection of Wilson Road and Paul Hance Road. The property is bounded to the north by an undeveloped forest, to the east and south by Wilson Road, to the west by Parcel 11, Mary France Bauer's property.

Henrietta Wilson and Rebecca Hance's family has a long history in Calvert County and extensive property holdings along Wilson Road, known as Angelica. Among the early Quakers of New Jersey, John Hance first came to Maryland about 1659.¹⁷ Benjamin Hance, the grandson of John Hance, owned a great amount of land in Calvert County. He resided at Overton, a plantation on the east side of the main highway between Huntingtown and Prince Frederick. The descendants of John Hance married into prominent families and settled across Calvert County. When Wilson Road Hance family patriarch Richard Hance died in the mid-nineteenth century he owned hundreds acres of farmland (Angelica) along Wilson Road, south of the Ireland/Bassford Farm.

The Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House was originally part of the larger Hance family parcel that traces back from Samuel B. Wilson and his wife Henrietta to her father Richard Hance in the nineteenth century. In 1911 Henrietta Wilson and her sister, Rebecca Hance sold 2.5-acres to (their great niece and Henrietta's step-granddaughter) Sarah (Sallie) H. Bowen and her husband, Agabus Henry Bowen. Sallie sold the property in 1955 to Lola B. Scrivener. In 1989 Lola Scrivener sold the property to Lola Carlene Bias. Lola Carlene Bias added Fred W. Bias to the deed in 1992 and in 2000 the Bias's sold the 2.5 acres to Wickel L. Donohue who owns the property today. The property has a vernacular craftsman bungalow that dates to the mid-twentieth century (and likely Sallie H. Bowen's ownership) as well as a horse barn and horse shelter.

Little is known about the construction date of the house, including if the house on the property was built by the Wilson family or its later owners. It is likely that Henrietta Wilson and Rebecca Hance's niece, Sarah (Sallie) H. Bowen and her husband, Agabus Bowen were the first to build a home on the property. Although the

¹⁶ Stein, 1977: 335.

¹⁷ Stein, 1977: 268.

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ownership of the property has changed over the years, the land remains one contiguous piece of property with the main house, a barn, a horse shelter and a shed, for a total of four buildings associated with the property.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

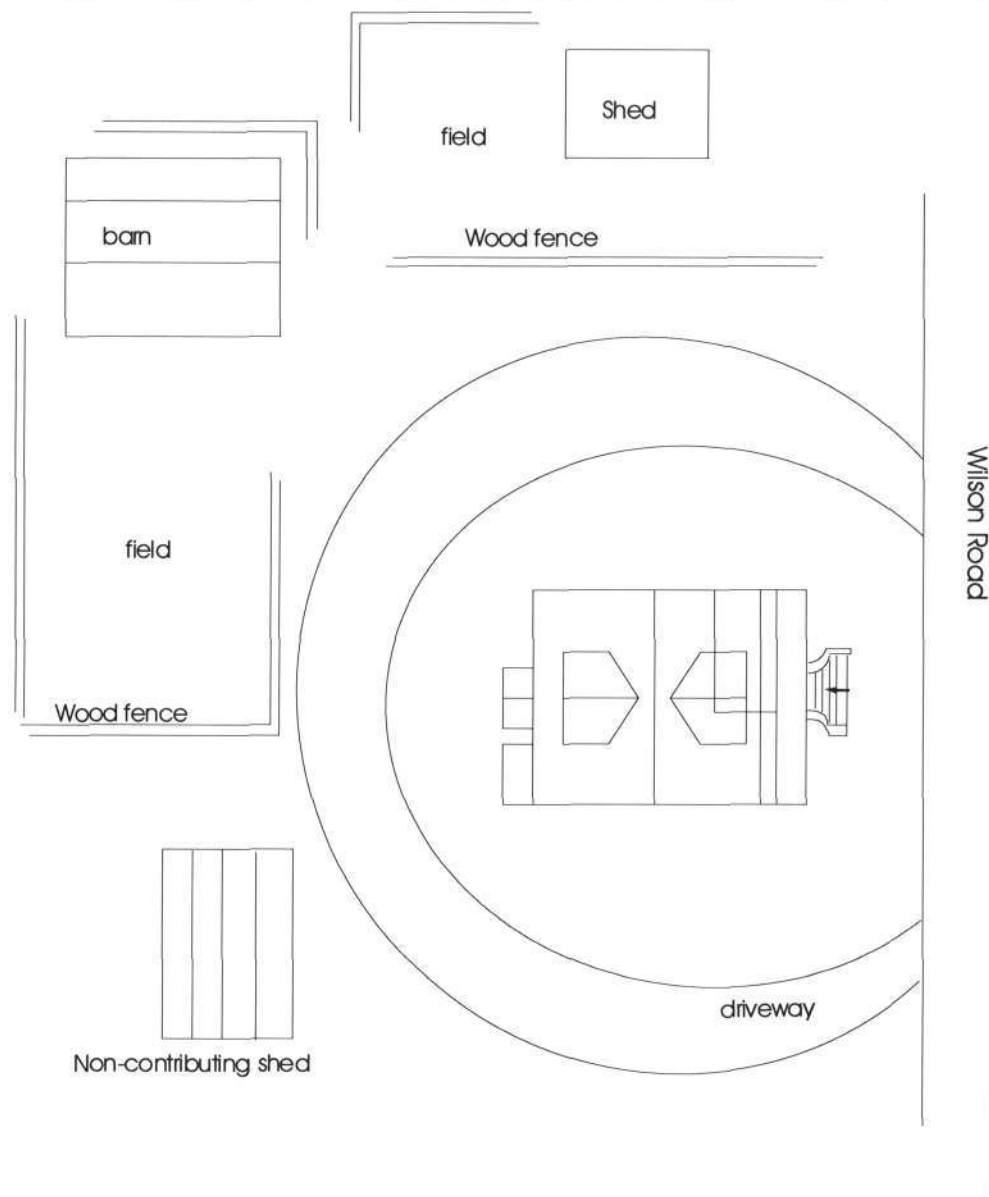
Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance is significant architecturally, as an example of a mid-twentieth century vernacular farm house. The Craftsman Bungalow is very common type of architectural style in Calvert County. It is a typical representation of a side-gable, rectangular-plan farmhouse with a front-gable dormer and a full-length porch. Its outbuildings are representations of small farm outbuildings and are significant to Calvert County's rural-agricultural heritage.

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CT-1351

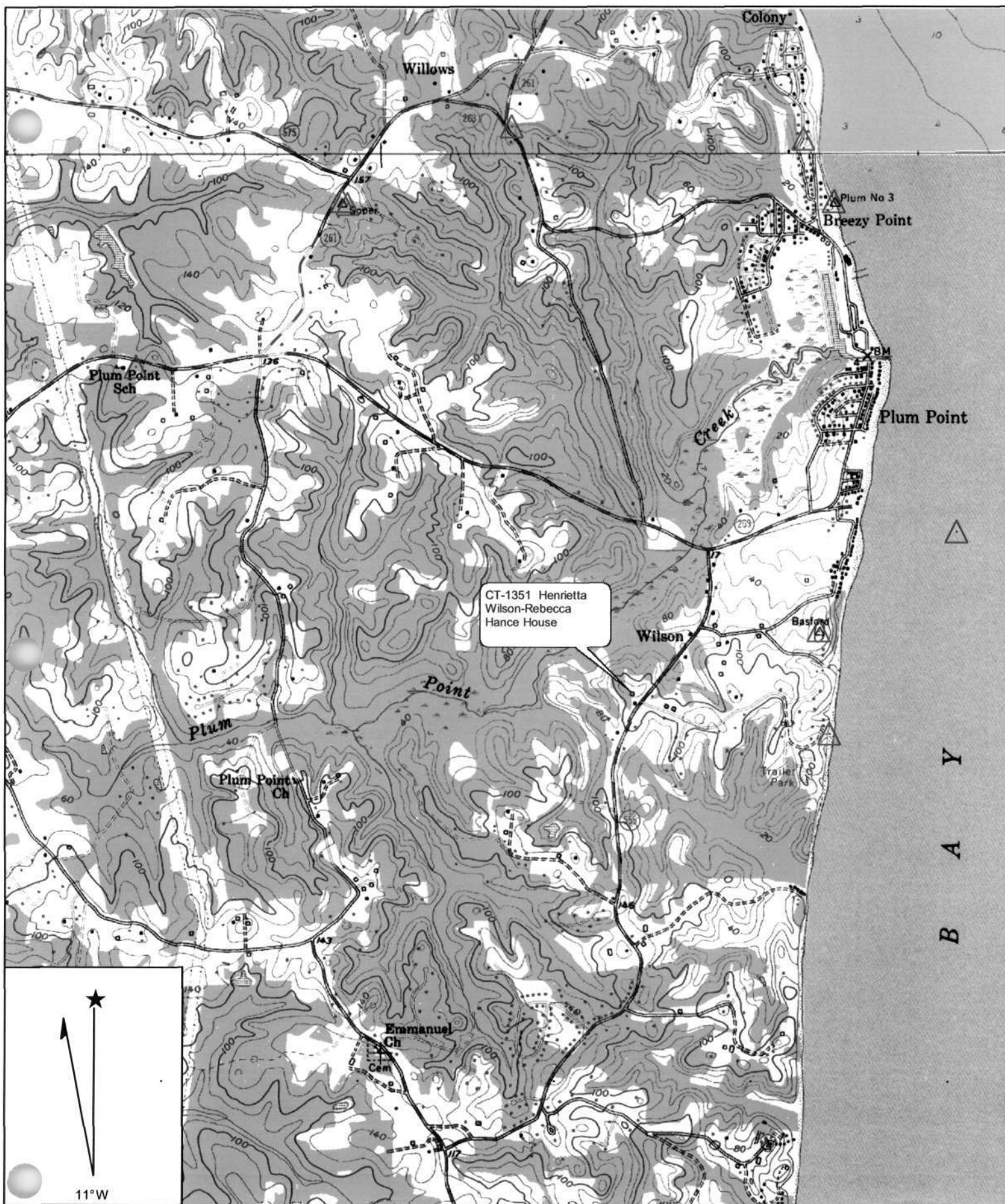
Name Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House
Continuation Sheet

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Maryland Historical Trust Inventory No. CT-1351
Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House
Huntingtown, Calvert County, MD
Site Plan
Not to Scale
House, 1896 Wilson Road





Name: PRINCE FREDERICK
 Date: 5/26/2009
 Scale: 1 inch equals 2000 feet

Location: 038°36' 14.73" N 076°32' 03.47" W
 Caption: CT-1351 Henrietta Wilson-Rebecca Hance House
 1896 Wilson Road
 Huntingtown, MD



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson- Rebecca Hance House
Calvert County MD

Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009.

MD SHPO

House East Facade

1 of 10



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House

Calvert County MD

Sealy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

House. North Elevation

2 of 10



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House
Calvert County MD

Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

House, South Elevation

3 of 10



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House

Calvert Clammy MD

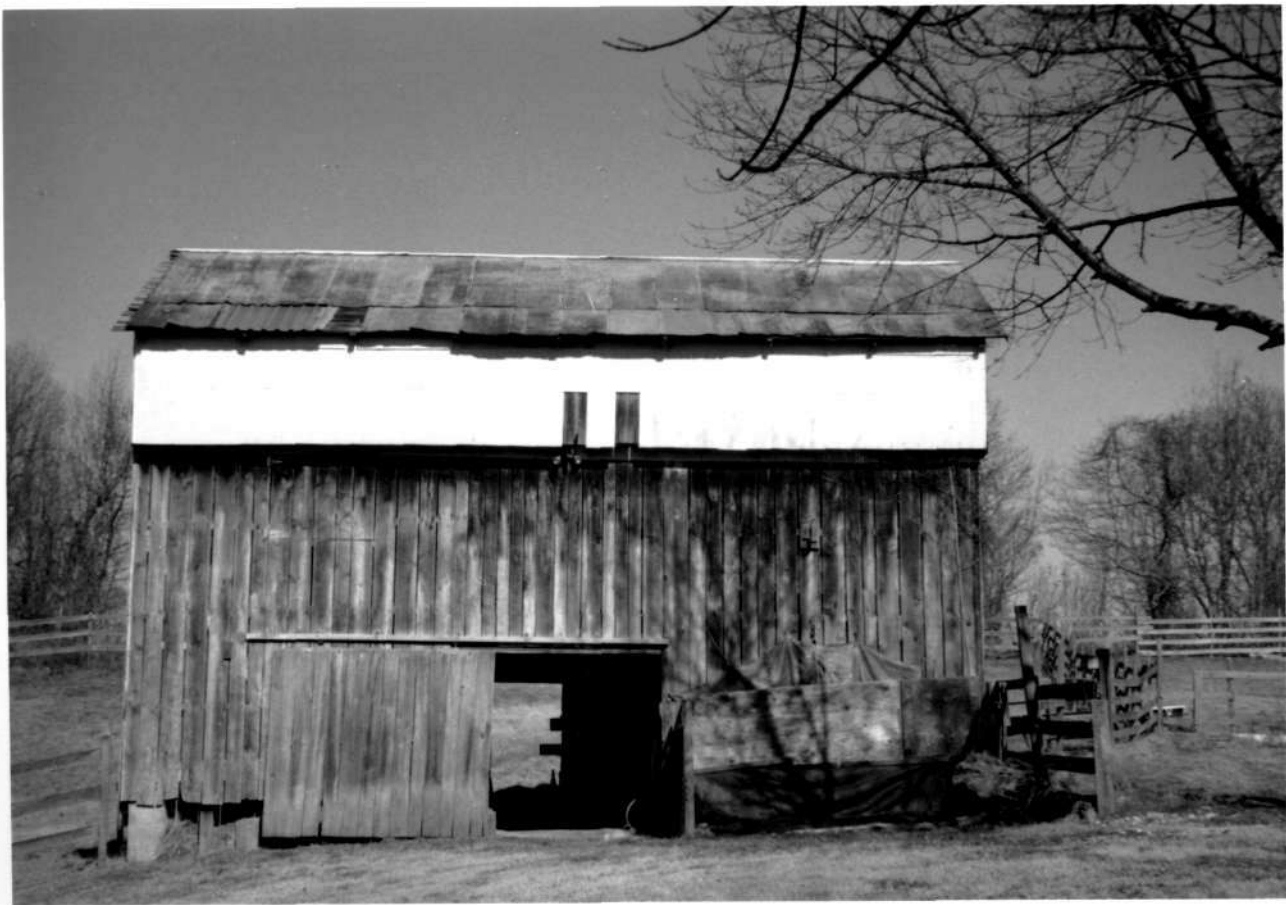
Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

House West Elevation

4 of 10



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Flanner House

Calvert County MD

Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPD

Barn . Search Elevation

5 of 10



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House

Calvert County MD

Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

Barn East Elevation

6 of 10



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Plance House

Calvert County MD

Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

Barn North Elevation

7 of 10



CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House

Calvert County MD

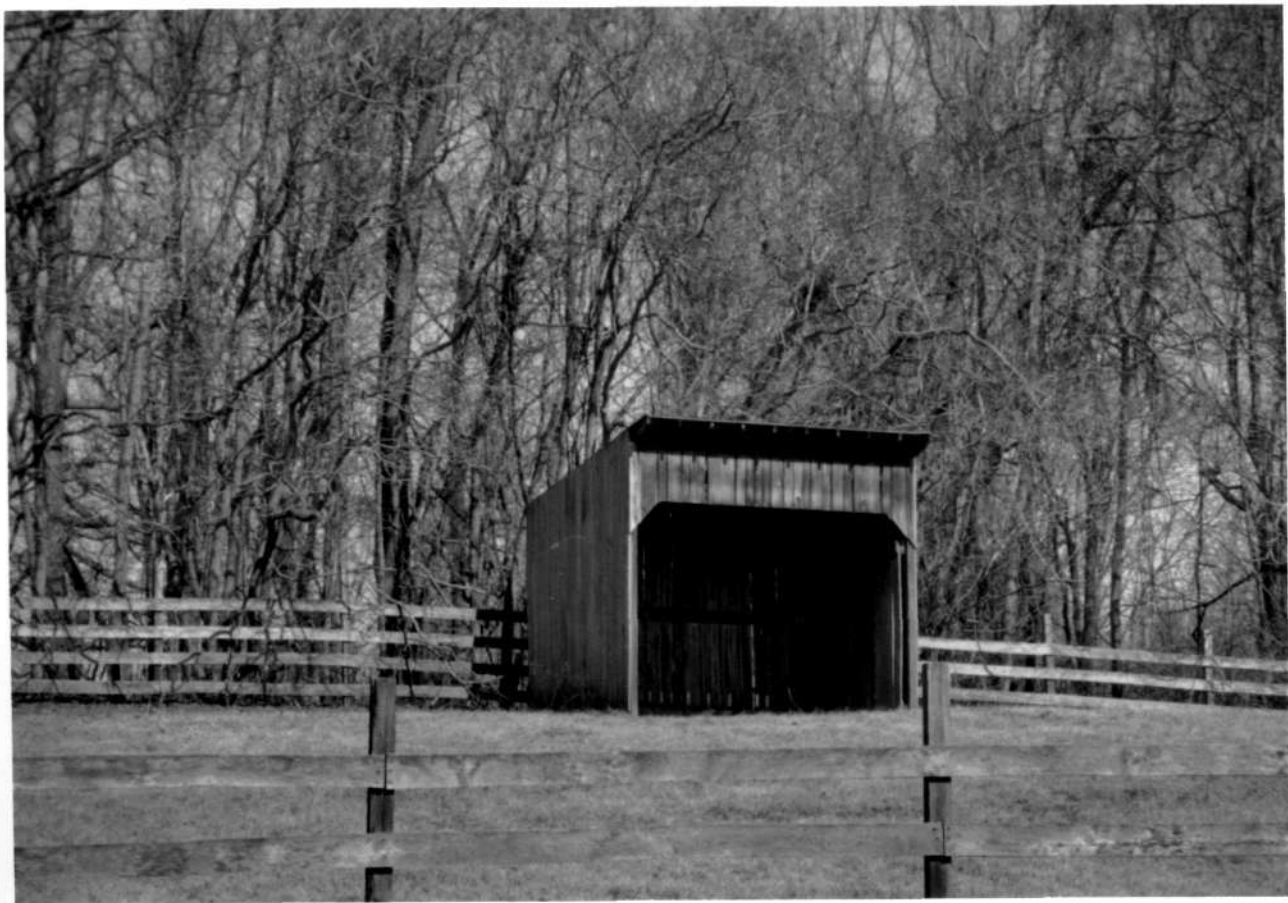
Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

Barn West Elevation

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CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House

Calvert County, MD

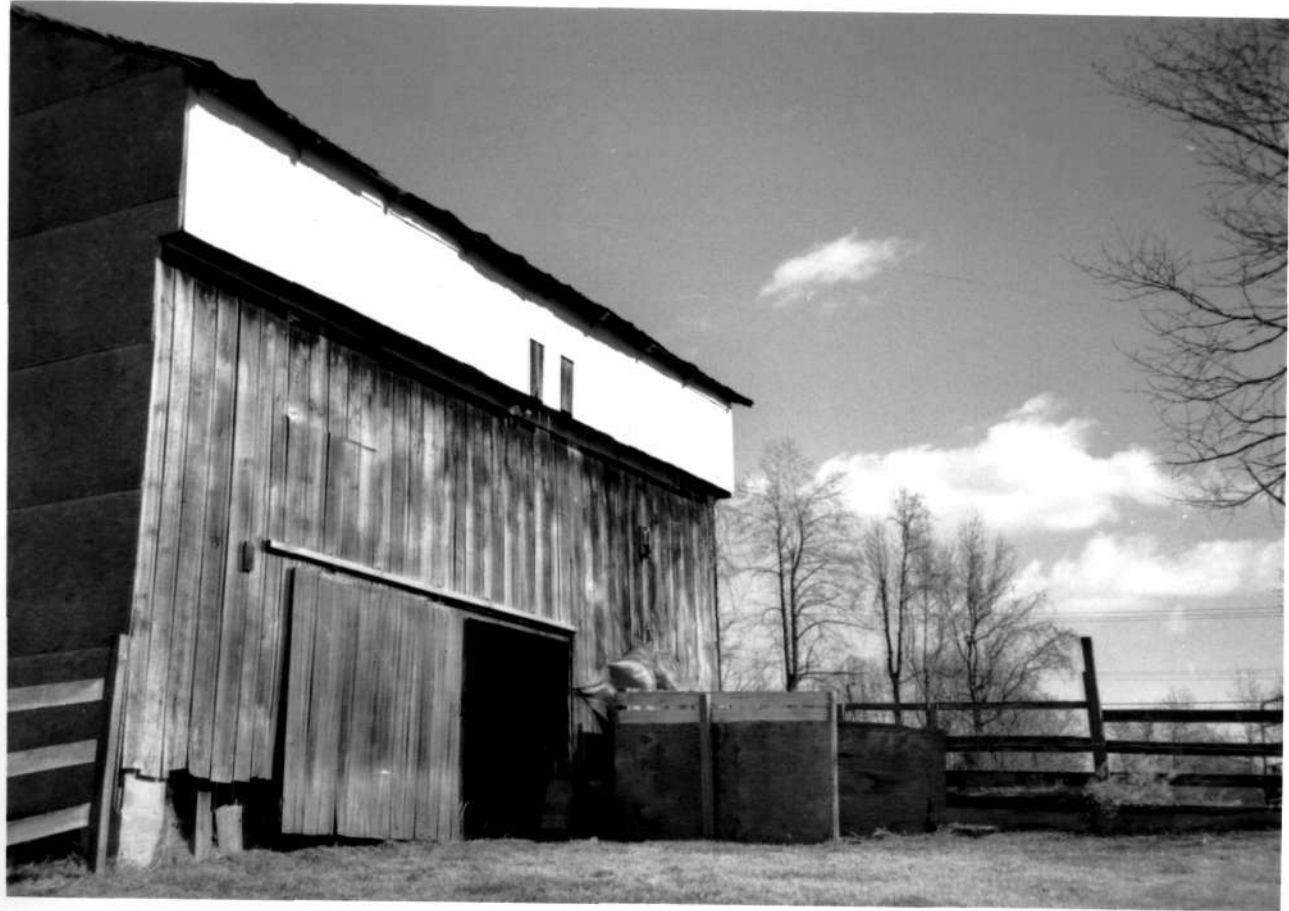
Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

Horse shelter facing West

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CT-1351

Henrietta Wilson - Rebecca Hance House

Calvert Conway MD

Stacy Patterson

2.12.2009

MD SHPO

Barn Context facility East

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